NCP562, NCV562, NCP563, NCV563

Voltage Regulator - CMOS Low Iq, Low-Dropout

80 mA

This series of fixed output low−dropout linear regulators are designed for handheld communication equipment and portable battery powered applications which require low quiescent. This series features an ultra−low quiescent current of 2.5 μA. Each device contains a voltage reference unit, an error amplifier, a PMOS power transistor, resistors for setting output voltage, current limit, and temperature limit protection circuits. The NCP562 series provides an enable pin for ON/OFF control.

The NCP562/NCP563 has been designed to be used with low cost ceramic capacitors and requires a minimum output capacitor of 0.1 μF. The device is housed in the micro−miniature SC82−AB surface mount package. Standard voltage versions are 1.5, 1.8, 2.1, 2.5, 2.7, 2.8, 3.0, 3.3, 3.5 and 5.0 V. Other voltages are available in 100 mV steps.

Features

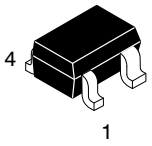
- Low Quiescent Current of 2.5 μA Typical
- Low Output Voltage Option
- Output Voltage Accuracy of 2.0%
- Temperature Range of −40°C to 85°C
- NCP562 Provides an Enable Pin
- NCV Prefix for Automotive and Other Applications Requiring Unique Site and Control Change Requirements; AEC−Q100 Qualified and PPAP Capable
- These Devices are Pb−Free, Halogen Free/BFR Free and are RoHS Compliant

Typical Applications

- Battery Powered Instruments
- Hand−Held Instruments
- Camcorders and Cameras

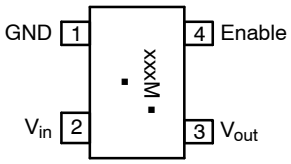
ON Semiconductor®

www.onsemi.com

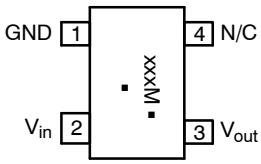


SC82−AB (SC70−4)
SQ SUFFIX
CASE 419C

PIN CONNECTIONS & MARKING DIAGRAMS



(NCP562 Top View)



(NCP563 Top View)

xxx = Specific Device Code
M = Month Code*
▪ = Pb−Free Package

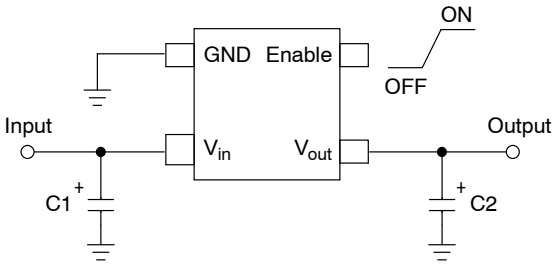
(Note: Microdot may be in either location)

*Date Code orientation and/or position and underbar may vary depending upon manufacturing location.

ORDERING INFORMATION

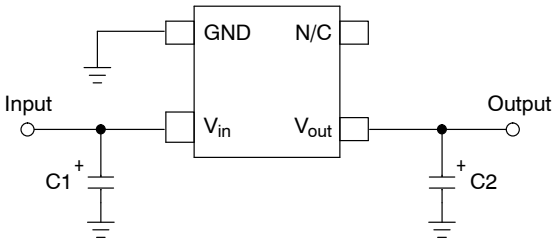
See detailed ordering and shipping information in the package dimensions section on page 7 of this data sheet.

© Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC, 2015



This device contains 28 active transistors

Figure 1. NCP562 Typical Application Diagram



This device contains 28 active transistors

Figure 2. NCP563 Typical Application Diagram

PIN FUNCTION DESCRIPTION

NCP562	NCP563	Pin Name	Description
1	1	GND	Power supply ground.
2	2	Vin	Positive power supply input voltage.
3	3	Vout	Regulated output voltage.
4	–	Enable	This input is used to place the device into low−power standby. When this input is pulled low, the device is disabled. If this function is not used, Enable should be connected to Vin.
–	4	N/C	No internal connection.

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Input Voltage	V_{in}	6.0	V
Enable Voltage (NCP562 ONLY)	Enable	−0.3 to V_{in} +0.3	V
Output Voltage	V_{out}	−0.3 to V_{in} +0.3	V
Power Dissipation and Thermal Characteristics Power Dissipation Thermal Resistance, Junction−to−Ambient	 P_D $R_{\theta JA}$	 Internally Limited 400	 W °C/W
Operating Junction Temperature	T_J	+150	°C
Operating Ambient Temperature	T_A	−40 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	−55 to +150	°C

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

1. This device series contains ESD protection and exceeds the following tests:
   Human Body Model 2000 V per MIL−STD−883, Method 3015
   Machine Model Method 200 V
2. Latch up capability (85°C) ±100 mA DC with trigger voltage.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{in} = $V_{out(nom.)}$ + 1.0 V, V_{enable} = V_{in}, C_{in} = 1.0 μF, C_{out} = 1.0 μF, T_J = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Output Voltage (T_A = 25°C, I_{out} = 1.0 mA)	V_{out}				V
1.5 V		1.455	1.5	1.545	
1.8 V		1.746	1.8	1.854	
2.1 V		2.037	2.1	2.163	
2.5 V		2.425	2.5	2.575	
2.7 V		2.646	2.7	2.754	
2.8 V		2.744	2.8	2.856	
3.0 V		2.940	3.0	3.060	
3.3 V		3.234	3.3	3.366	
3.5 V		3.43	3.5	3.57	
5.0 V		4.9	5.0	5.1	
Line Regulation	Reg_{line}				mV
1.5 V–4.4 V (V_{in} = $V_{o(nom.)}$ + 1.0 V to 6.0 V		–	10	20	
4.5 V–5.0 V (V_{in} = 5.5 V to 6.0 V)		–	10	20	
Load Regulation (I_{out} = 10 mA to 80 mA)	Reg_{load}	–	20	40	mV
Output Current (V_{out} = (V_{out} at I_{out} = 80 mA) –3.0%)	$I_{o(nom.)}$				mA
1.5 V to 3.9 V (V_{in} = $V_{out(nom.)}$ + 2.0 V)		80	280	–	
4.0 V–5.0 V (V_{in} = 6.0 V)		80	280	–	
Dropout Voltage (T_A = –40°C to 85°C, I_{out} = 80 mA, Measured at V_{out} –3.0%)	V_{in}–V_{out}				mV
1.5 V–1.7 V		–	550	800	
1.8 V–2.4 V		–	400	550	
2.5 V–2.6 V		–	250	400	
2.7 V–2.9 V		–	230	400	
3.0 V–3.2 V		–	200	350	
3.3 V–4.9 V		–	190	350	
5.0 V		–	140	250	
Quiescent Current	I_Q				μA
(Enable Input = 0 V)		–	0.1	1.0	
(Enable Input = V_{in}, I_{out} = 1.0 mA to $I_{o(nom.)}$)		–	2.5	6.0	
Output Short Circuit Current	$I_{out(max)}$				mA
1.5 V to 3.9 V (V_{in} = V_{nom} + 2.0 V)		150	300	600	
4.0 V–5.0 V (V_{in} = 6.0 V)		150	300	600	
Output Voltage Noise (f = 100 Hz to 100 kHz, V_{out} = 3.0 V)	V_n	–	100	–	μVrms
Enable Input Threshold Voltage (NCP562 ONLY)	$V_{th(en)}$				V
(Voltage Increasing, Output Turns On, Logic High)		1.3	–	–	
(Voltage Decreasing, Output Turns Off, Logic Low)		–	–	0.3	
Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient	T_C	–	±100	–	ppm/°C

3. Maximum package power dissipation limits must be observed.

$$PD = \frac{T_{J(max)} - T_A}{R_{\theta JA}}$$

4. Low duty cycle pulse techniques are used during testing to maintain the junction temperature as close to ambient as possible.

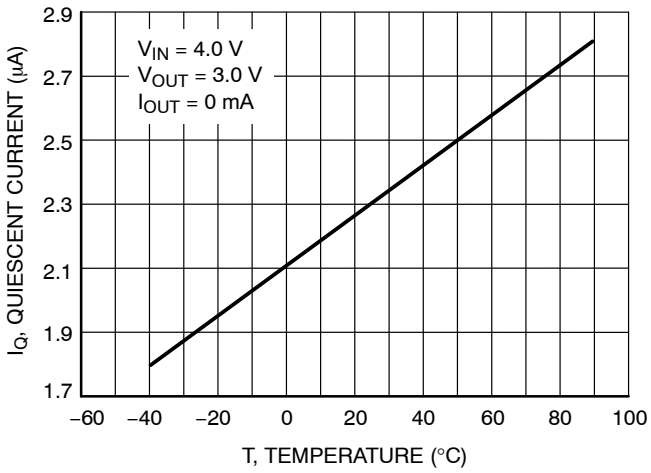


Figure 3. Quiescent Current versus Temperature

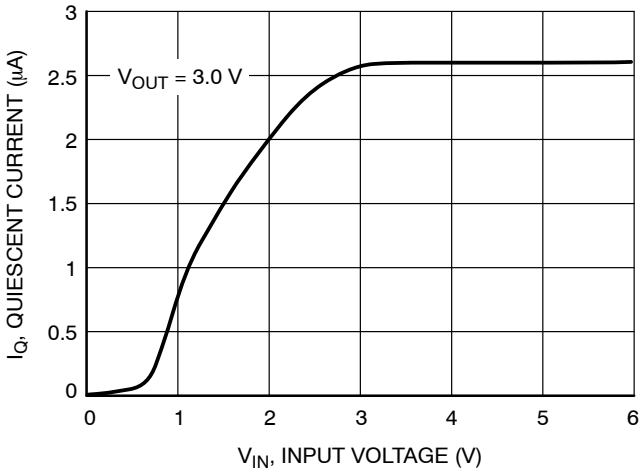


Figure 4. Quiescent Current versus Input Voltage

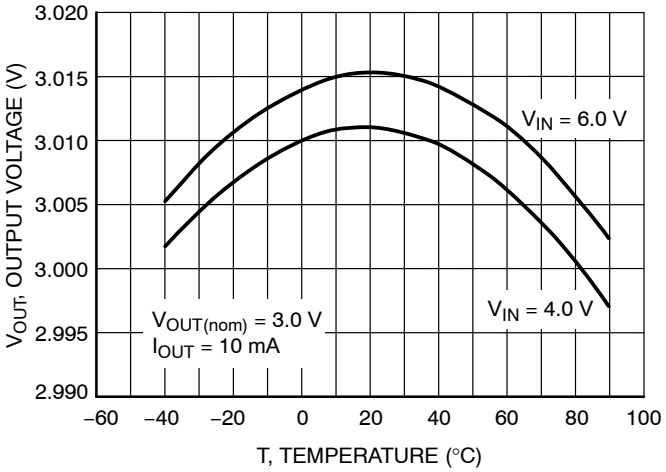


Figure 5. Output Voltage versus Temperature

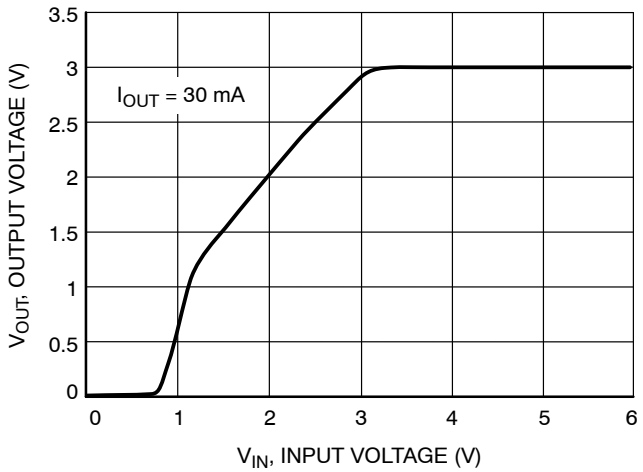


Figure 6. Output Voltage versus Input Voltage

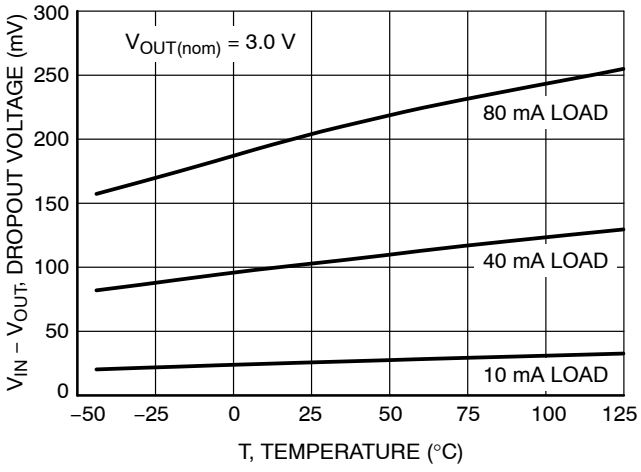


Figure 7. Dropout Voltage versus Temperature

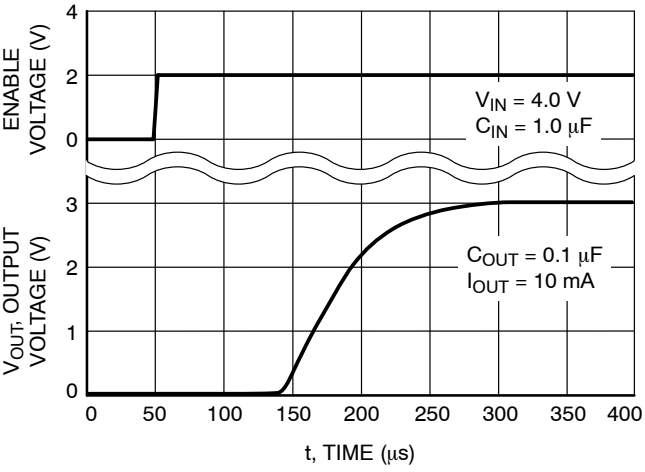


Figure 8. Turn−On Response (NCP562 ONLY)

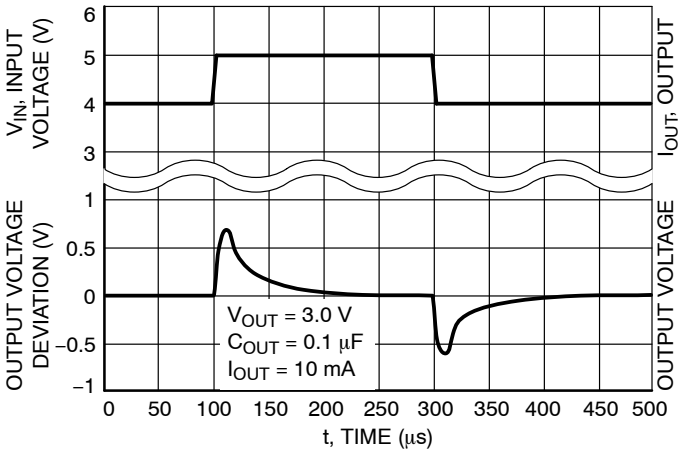


Figure 9. Line Transient Response

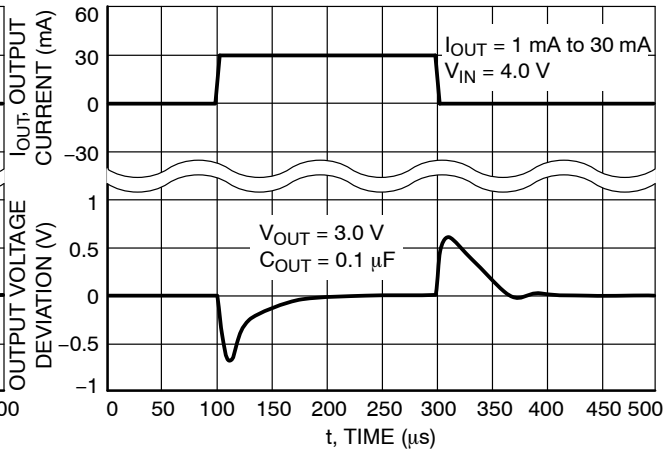


Figure 10. Load Transient Response

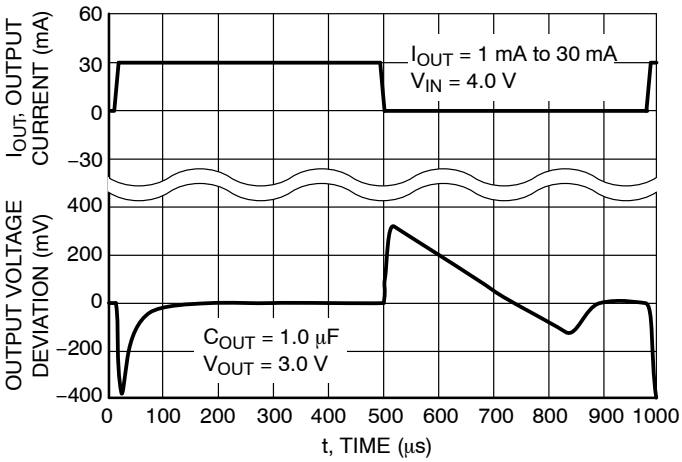


Figure 11. Load Transient Response

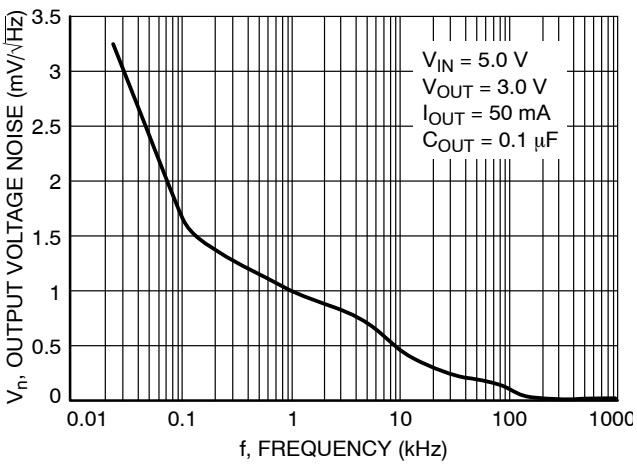


Figure 12. Output Voltage Noise

DEFINITIONS

Load Regulation

The change in output voltage for a change in output current at a constant temperature.

Dropout Voltage

The input/output differential at which the regulator output no longer maintains regulation against further reductions in input voltage. Measured when the output drops 3.0% below its nominal. The junction temperature, load current, and minimum input supply requirements affect the dropout level.

Maximum Power Dissipation

The maximum total dissipation for which the regulator will operate within its specifications.

Quiescent Current

The quiescent current is the current which flows through the ground when the LDO operates without a load on its output: internal IC operation, bias, etc. When the LDO becomes loaded, this term is called the Ground current. It is actually the difference between the input current (measured through the LDO input pin) and the output current.

Line Regulation

The change in output voltage for a change in input voltage. The measurement is made under conditions of low dissipation or by using pulse technique such that the average chip temperature is not significantly affected.

Line Transient Response

Typical over and undershoot response when input voltage is excited with a given slope.

Thermal Protection

Internal thermal shutdown circuitry is provided to protect the integrated circuit in the event that the maximum junction temperature is exceeded. When activated at typically 160°C, the regulator turns off. This feature is provided to prevent failures from accidental overheating.

Maximum Package Power Dissipation

The maximum power package dissipation is the power dissipation level at which the junction temperature reaches its maximum operating value, i.e. 125°C. Depending on the ambient power dissipation and thus the maximum available output current.

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

A typical application circuit for the NCP562 and NCP563 series are shown in Figure 1 and Figure 2.

Input Decoupling (C1)

A 1.0 μF capacitor either ceramic or tantalum is recommended and should be connected close to the NCP562 package. Higher values and lower ESR will improve the overall line transient response.
TDK capacitor: C2012X5R1C105K, or C1608X5R1A105K

Output Decoupling (C2)

The NCP562 and NCP563 are very stable regulators and do not require any specific Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR) or a minimum output current. Capacitors exhibiting ESRs ranging from a few mΩ up to 10 Ω can thus safely be used. The minimum decoupling value is 0.1 μF and can be augmented to fulfill stringent load transient requirements. The regulator accepts ceramic chip capacitors as well as tantalum devices. Larger values improve noise rejection and load regulation transient response.
TDK capacitor: C2012X5R1C105K, C1608X5R1A105K, or C3216X7R1C105K

Enable Operation (NCP562 ONLY)

The enable pin will turn on the regulator when pulled high and turn off the regulator when pulled low. These limits of threshold are covered in the electrical specification section of this data sheet. If the enable is not used, then the pin should be connected to V_{in}.

Hints

Please be sure the Vin and GND lines are sufficiently wide. When the impedance of these lines is high, there is a chance to pick up noise or cause the regulator to malfunction.

Place external components, especially the output capacitor, as close as possible to the circuit, and make leads as short as possible.

Thermal

As power across the NCP562 and NCP563 increases, it might become necessary to provide some thermal relief. The maximum power dissipation supported by the device is dependent upon board design and layout. Mounting pad configuration on the PCB, the board material and also the ambient temperature effect the rate of temperature rise for the part. This is stating that when the devices have good thermal conductivity through the PCB, the junction temperature will be relatively low with high power dissipation applications.

The maximum dissipation the package can handle is given by:

$$PD = \frac{T_{J(max)} - T_A}{R_{\theta JA}}$$

If junction temperature is not allowed above the maximum 125°C, then the NCP562 and NCP563 can dissipate up to 250 mW @ 25°C.

The power dissipated by the NCP562 and NCP563 can be calculated from the following equation:

$$P_{tot} = \left[V_{in} * I_{gnd}\,(I_{out})\right] + [V_{in} - V_{out}] * I_{out}$$

or

$$V_{inMAX} = \frac{P_{tot} + V_{out} * I_{out}}{I_{gnd} + I_{out}}$$

If an 80 mA output current is needed then the ground current from the data sheet is 2.5 μA. For an NCP562 or NCP563 (3.0 V), the maximum input voltage will then be 6.0 V.

ORDERING INFORMATION

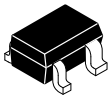
Device	Nominal Output Voltage	Marking	Package	Shipping†
NCP562SQ15T1G	1.5	LDI	SC82−AB	3000 / Tape & Reel
NCP562SQ18T1G	1.8	LEY		
NCP562SQ21T1G	2.1	AAA		
NCP562SQ25T1G	2.5	LDK		
NCV562SQ25T1G*		AAG		
NCP562SQ27T1G	2.7	LEZ		
NCP562SQ28T1G	2.8	LDL		
NCP562SQ30T1G	3.0	LDM		
NCP562SQ33T1G	3.3	LDN		
NCV562SQ33T1G*		AAE		
NCP562SQ35T1G	3.5	LJU		
NCP562SQ50T1G	5.0	LDP		
NCP563SQ15T1G	1.5	LDQ		
NCV563SQ15T1G*				
NCP563SQ18T1G	1.8	LFA		
NCV563SQ18T1G*				
NCP563SQ25T1G	2.5	LDS		
NCP563SQ27T1G	2.7	LFB		
NCP563SQ28T1G	2.8	LDT		
NCP563SQ30T1G	3.0	LDU		
NCV563SQ30T1G*				
NCP563SQ33T1G	3.3	LDV		
NCV563SQ33T1G*				
NCP563SQ50T1G	5.0	LDX		

†For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

*NCV Prefix for Automotive and Other Applications Requiring Unique Site and Control Change Requirements; AEC−Q100 Qualified and PPAP Capable

MECHANICAL CASE OUTLINE
PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

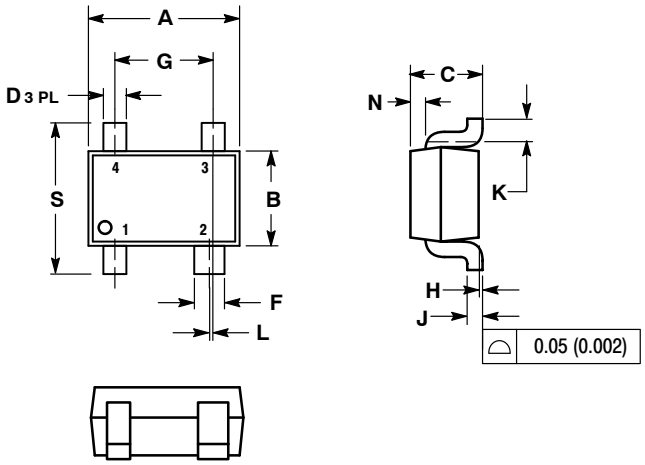
ON Semiconductor®



SC−82AB
CASE 419C−02
ISSUE F

DATE 22 JUN 2012

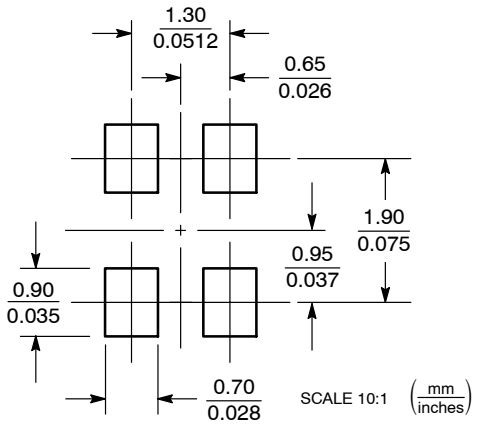
SCALE 4:1



NOTES:
1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
3. 419C−01 OBSOLETE. NEW STANDARD IS 419C−02.
4. DIMENSIONS A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS, OR GATE BURRS.

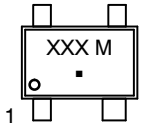
	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	1.80	2.20	0.071	0.087
B	1.15	1.35	0.045	0.053
C	0.80	1.10	0.031	0.043
D	0.20	0.40	0.008	0.016
F	0.30	0.50	0.012	0.020
G	1.10	1.50	0.043	0.059
H	0.00	0.10	0.000	0.004
J	0.10	0.26	0.004	0.010
K	0.10	−−−	0.004	−−−
L	0.05 BSC		0.002 BSC	
N	0.20 REF		0.008 REF	
S	1.80	2.40	0.07	0.09

SOLDERING FOOTPRINT*



*For additional information on our Pb−Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

GENERIC MARKING DIAGRAM*



XXX = Specific Device Code
M = Month Code
▪ = Pb−Free Package

*This information is generic. Please refer to device data sheet for actual part marking. Pb−Free indicator, “G” or microdot “ ▪”, may or may not be present.

DOCUMENT NUMBER:	**98ARB18939C**	Electronic versions are uncontrolled except when accessed directly from the Document Repository. Printed versions are uncontrolled except when stamped “CONTROLLED COPY” in red.	
DESCRIPTION:	**SC−82AB**		**PAGE 1 OF 1**

ON Semiconductor and ON are trademarks of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC dba ON Semiconductor or its subsidiaries in the United States and/or other countries. ON Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. ON Semiconductor makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does ON Semiconductor assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages. ON Semiconductor does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others.

© Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC, 2019

onsemi, , and other names, marks, and brands are registered and/or common law trademarks of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC dba "**onsemi**" or its affiliates and/or subsidiaries in the United States and/or other countries. **onsemi** owns the rights to a number of patents, trademarks, copyrights, trade secrets, and other intellectual property. A listing of **onsemi**'s product/patent coverage may be accessed at www.onsemi.com/site/pdf/Patent−Marking.pdf. **onsemi** reserves the right to make changes at any time to any products or information herein, without notice. The information herein is provided "as−is" and **onsemi** makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the accuracy of the information, product features, availability, functionality, or suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does **onsemi** assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages. Buyer is responsible for its products and applications using **onsemi** products, including compliance with all laws, regulations and safety requirements or standards, regardless of any support or applications information provided by **onsemi**. "Typical" parameters which may be provided in **onsemi** data sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "Typicals" must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. **onsemi** does not convey any license under any of its intellectual property rights nor the rights of others. **onsemi** products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as a critical component in life support systems or any FDA Class 3 medical devices or medical devices with a same or similar classification in a foreign jurisdiction or any devices intended for implantation in the human body. Should Buyer purchase or use **onsemi** products for any such unintended or unauthorized application, Buyer shall indemnify and hold **onsemi** and its officers, employees, subsidiaries, affiliates, and distributors harmless against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use, even if such claim alleges that **onsemi** was negligent regarding the design or manufacture of the part. **onsemi** is an Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer. This literature is subject to all applicable copyright laws and is not for resale in any manner.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

TECHNICAL PUBLICATIONS:
Technical Library: www.onsemi.com/design/resources/technical−documentation
onsemi Website: www.onsemi.com

ONLINE SUPPORT: www.onsemi.com/support
For additional information, please contact your local Sales Representative at www.onsemi.com/support/sales